Fiscal Management

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Objectives

- Describe some basic concepts of fiscal management
- Identify key elements related to fiscal management
- Provide examples of resources to monitor fiscal performance





No Money No Mission

Overall performance of the agency Planning Short term plans

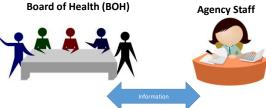
Long term plans Unexpected plans



Accountable Knowledgeable

One is only as knowledgeable as the information one gets

Board of Health (BOH)



Fiscal Influence vs Fiscal Management

Who influences finances

- 3rd party payers
- Local, State, and National Funders
- Clients
- Grants
- Board of Supervisors (BOS)

Who manages finances

- Governing Board (BOH)
- Administrator
- Agency Staff
- Subcontractors

BOS Role in Public Health Finance

Establish the total dollar amount of county tax money to be appropriated to the Board of Health for public health services in a fiscal year.

How is county tax allocation amount determined?

➤ Set dollar amount negotiated thru a subcontract

➤ Balance amount left from the previous year carried forward into the next fiscal year

➤ Dollar amount arrived thru deficit funding

Difference between planned revenue and planned expenses

Planned Revenue = \$400,000Planned Expense = \$500,000Difference = \$100,000

County Tax Allocation = \$100,000

BOH Role in Public Health Finance

- ➤ Provide general oversight of agency operations including fiscal
- >Establishes a line item budget of for the operation of the agency for the fiscal year
 - o Expense
- ➤ Employ staff to manage agency operations including finance
- Subcontract with another entity for a set dollar amount to provide public health functions on behalf of the BOH

Revenue	Expense
Sales	Salaries
Service	Benefits
Donations	Equipment
	Space / Overhead
	Supplies

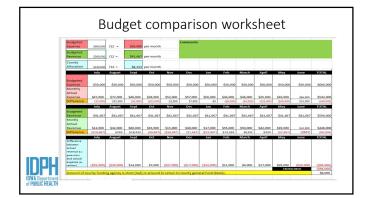


Budget

- 1) Budget is a Plan

 - 1) How much you plan to receive (revenue)
 2) How much you plan to spend (expense)
- 2) Build in for the unexpected
- 3) Compare against previous budgets for historical trends
- 4) Monitor budgeted data against actual data at least monthly
- 5) Allow adequate time to prepare
- 6) Do not deviate from budget unless absolutely necessary
- 7) Ask questions





Costs

 $\hfill \Box$ Have to know cost in order to determine:

- Charge for product
- What is the profit of loss of the product
- Success of product
- Continuation of product

□Cost Reports

• Provides a method of determining the actual cost of a product by taking into account all the numerous expenses that go into making the product



Fees / Charges

- Once you know the cost, a fee for the product can be established
- Consider the market area
- Billing for the product must occur with regularity
- Never set fees less than what it costs to produce the product
- If the cost becomes so high that the charge becomes unreasonable, it is time to re-evaluate continuation of the product



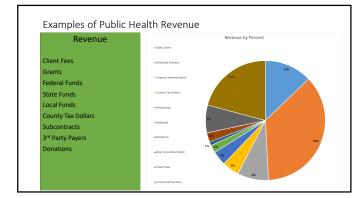
Charge **Ham Sandwich** Program • Bread • Vaccine • Ham • Syringe • Cheese • Band aid • Alcohol wipe Mustard • Glove • Workforce

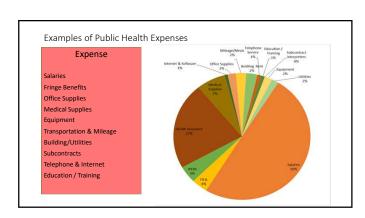
Fiscal Monitoring

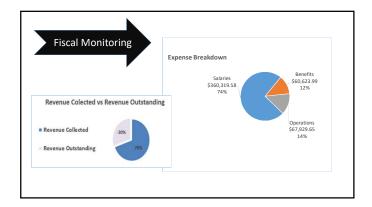
- Revenue
- Expense
- Steady Billing
- Steady Cash Flow
- Amount of money "out on the books"
- What funders are paying and how much
- What funders are not paying and why not

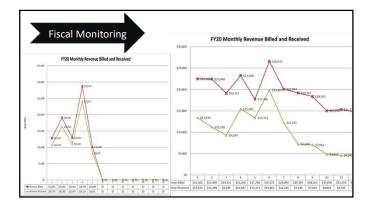


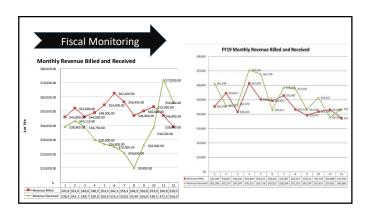
• Agency running in the "red" (loss) or in the "black" (profit)

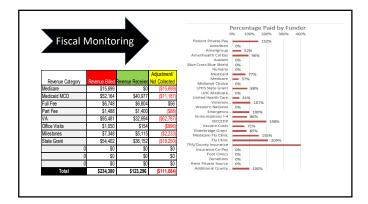


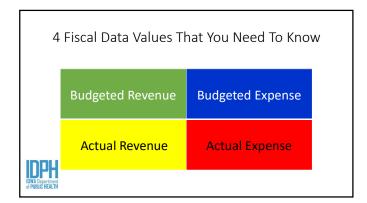










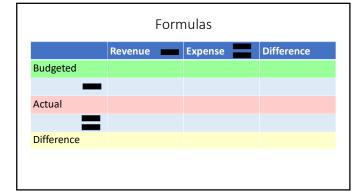


	Revenue	Expense	Difference
Budgeted	\$400,000	\$500,000	\$100,000
Actual	\$375,000	\$460,000	\$85,000
Difference	\$25,000	\$40,000	\$15,000

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	Revenue	Expense	Difference
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Actual	\$375,000	\$460,000	\$85,000
Difference	\$25,000	\$40,000	\$15,000

	Revenue	Expense	Difference
Budgeted	\$400,000	\$500,000	\$100,000
Actual	\$300,000	\$525,000	\$225,000
Difference	\$100,000	\$25,000	\$125,000

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	Revenue	Expense	Difference
Budgeted	\$400,000	\$500,000	\$100,000
Actual	\$300,000	\$525,000	\$225,000
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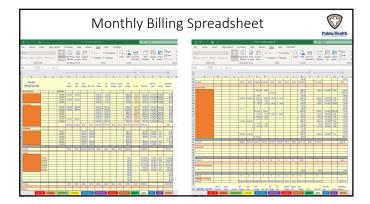
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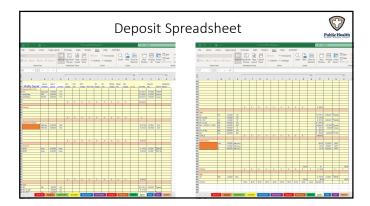


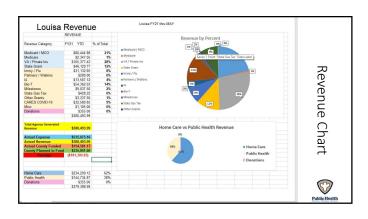


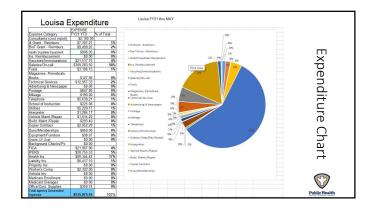


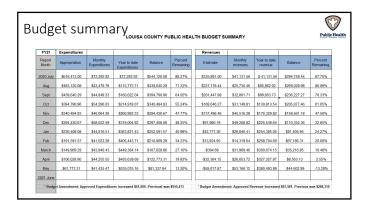


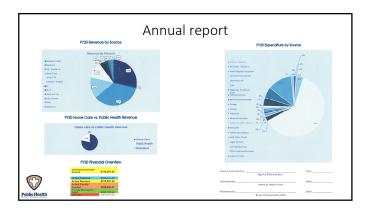


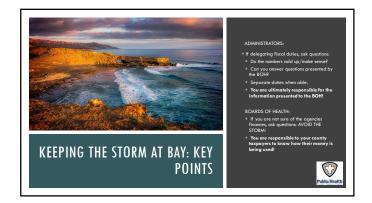












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